

# Ecodesign mandate M/495 awareness meeting

# CEN-CENELEC Meeting Centre, Brussels, 2012-02-10

#### Minutes

#### Annexes

Annex 1: Initial agenda of this meeting. Annex 2: List of attendees. Annex 3: Brief report of the Consultation Forum on the Ecodesign Working Plan 2012-2014, organised by the EC in Brussels on 2012-01-20. Annex 4: M/495.

Attendees: 47 participants turned up. See the list in the annex to these minutes.

The Meeting was chaired by Ms Cinzia Missiroli, "Sustainability & Services" Unit Manager in the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre (CCMC).

# 1. Introduction by CCMC

Mr Jean-Paul Vetsuypens, Director Standards in CCMC, opened the meeting at 10:15. He gave a brief presentation outlining the importance of standardization activities in the Ecodesign field towards the "Europe 2020" energy savings targets.

# 2. <u>EC views</u>

Representatives from the European Commission gave four presentations relating to the different aspects underlying Mandate 495.

## 2.1 Mandate 495 (César santos Gil, EC DG ENTR)

Mr Santos Gil described the structure of Mandate 495. The *main text* of the mandate lays down the "administrative" instructions as to the way CEN, CENELEC and ETSI are expected to respond to it. *Annex A* contains a list of the product groups covered by the scope of the mandate. For these product groups, some standardization works have to be foreseen in a near future. However, Annex A does not contain any detailed technical requirements, which



will be contained in Annex B to the mandate. *Annex B*, which is still empty, will be amended from time to time. Each amendment will be specific to a product group and will give the responsible TCs enough details on the content of the expected standard.

Currently, only two individual mandates still have to be issued: M/500 on fans (which is currently being submitted to the procedure of acceptance by correspondence in CEN/BT and CENELEC/BT) and another mandate on pumps. However, in future, only amendments to Annex B will be issued.

It is to be noted that individual ecodesign mandates previously issued remain valid and will not be changed.

## **2.2** Extended Product Approach (Wilhelmus de Wilt, EC DG ENER)

Mr de Wilt presented the Extended Product Approach (EPA), under which the issuing of M/495 took place. Although a few years ago the legislative trend was to set requirements on products *per se*, then on their components and functions, legislators are now rather thinking of products as being part of systems, which in turn are part of wider systems. It is believed that this EPA will help save even more energy that with a simple product approach. Mr de Wilt therefore insisted that in this context, standardization activities should mirror this

trend.

## **2.3** Standardization process (Aarre Viljanen, EC DG ENTR)

Mr Viljanen informed the participants on the aspects linked to standardization processes, which apply for any kind of EC mandates:

- CEN and CENELEC are expected to send the EC by May 2012 a preliminary, rough work programme of their TCs based on Annex A to M/495 including work items under individual mandates.
- Amendments to Annex B related to specific product groups are foreseen in Q4/2012 and 2013 see Mr Viljanen's presentation.
- Any standard developed under individual ecodesign mandates or M/495 shall have an Annex ZA or ZZ at the end. They will be considered as "New Approach" Harmonised Standards and will be cited in the OJ under the corresponding Implementing Regulation (not under the framework Directive 2009/125/EC).
- The format of Annex ZA or ZZ is the same as the one used so far, except that reference to a Directive shall be replaced with reference to the Implementing Regulation.
- In a first phase, the EC intends to send experts (contracted directly by the EC) as Observers to the Technical Committees and Working Groups that will develop mandated ecodesign standards. Those experts will NOT have the role of the New Approach Consultants as they are used currently in other fields.



## 2.4 Link between M/495 and M/480 (Robert Nuij, EC DG ENER)

Mr Nuij gave an update of the latest developments in the framework of M/480, which requests the development of European Standards under the EPBD (Energy Performance of Buildings Directive). All standardization activities are carried out by a number of construction TCs under the umbrella of CEN/TC 371 "Project Committee - Energy Performance of Building project group".

He stated that some topics will or could fall both under M/480 and under M/495. In this case, it is the role of CEN and CENELEC to ensure proper coordination of the activities in order to avoid overlap and conflicting works.

Mr Nuij finally introduced the CAP-EDMC Liaison Committee. As European Standards developed under M/480 will mainly be used by Member States rather than by individual manufacturers, the Liaison Committee aims at ensuring a proper involvement of Member States in the standardization process under M/480.

# 3. **Questions and Answers**

The four EC presentations triggered a couple of questions and comments from the participants. They can be summarised as follows:

- Mr Riller, Secretary of CLC/TC 59X "Performance of household and similar electrical appliances" gave a short presentation on the concerns of the TC. He pinpointed a lack of consistency between the timeframes associated with the regulatory process on the one hand, and the standardization process on the other hand. He noticed that the start of standards development is ideally in the middle of the preparatory study, hence a clear and efficient coordination and communication mechanism between the EC and standardizers is essential.
- ECOS mirrored this statement saying that such an early start is risky. It is not possible for standardizers to decide on a calculation method while the preparatory study has not yet even come to an end.
   Note from CCMC: Since 2012 the EC now strives to involve CEN and CLC/TCs in preparatory studies from the start. CCMC is now systematically requested to send TC representatives to preparatory study meetings. As correctly pointed out by CLC/TC 111X "Environment", this will enable to avoid that elements technically unrealistic are introduced in Implementing Regulations.
- CEN/TC 169 "Light and lighting" strongly suggested that market surveillance aspects should be integrated in Ecodesign legislation. The EC recognised that it should push Member States to get involved in standardization to create a bridge between legislation and standardization.
- Some attendees complained that it is very difficult to find out who they can contact in the EC in relation to ecodesign aspects in their particular fields of activity. The EC promised to send CCMC a list of the EC officials in charge of Ecodesign, as well as of contact persons for



specific product groups. It will then be forwarded to the attendees as soon as CCMC receives it.

A participant asked the EC about the status of IEC (and ISO) standards in the context of M/495. The EC replied that if good and suitable IEC or ISO standards could ideally be used to respond to M/495. Likewise, CEN and CENELEC should try as far as possible to develop standards in parallel with IEC or ISO. However, the EC cannot force CEN and CENELEC to decide on an option.
 It was then pointed out that resorting to, e.g., a parallel development with IEC or ISO can

lead to delays in the development of standards, and target dates mentioned in Annex A to M/495 cannot be met. A participant from CENELEC informed the audience that CENELEC TCs have the possibility to stop a parallel process if it is proven that the standard is urgently needed at European level.

 A participant asked about possible funding under M/495. It was therefore reminded that, in the context of mandated work, it is up to CEN and CENELEC to decide whether a request for funding is justified. Requests for funding under a mandate should be drafted and submitted by the TC on a case by case basis. Requests should then be channelled to the EC via CCMC.

# 4. <u>Stakeholders' views</u>

## 4.1 CEN/TC 371 (Jaap Hogeling, Chairman)

Mr Hogeling presented the way of working of CEN/TC 371 "Project Committee - Energy Performance of Building project group" and necessary interactions with activities under M/495.

Five CEN/TCs forming "Project Teams" that develop standards in response to M/480 under the EPBD are coordinated by CEN/TC 371, in particular by the CEN/TC 371 CAP (Chair Advisory Panel). The issue raised by Mr Hogeling is that, basically, M/480 and M/495 deal with the same products with different perspectives; M/480 considers those products as being part of a system (the building) whereas M/495 considers each product individually. As this could lead to overlaps, or even contradictions, between M/480 standards and ecodesign standards, Mr Hogeling delivered two messages:

- calculation procedures linked to energy performance should be those of the EPBD, not those suggested by the Ecodesign Directive;
- in any case, there is an essential need for clear coordination between CEN/TC 371 (and its Project Teams) and the product TCs that will work under M/495.

#### **4.2 CEPMC** (Christine Beunen, Secretary General)

The Council of European Producers of Materials for Construction (CEPMC) is an Associate Member of CEN. Mrs Beunen referred to the Construction Products Regulation (CPR),



whereby EU put in place the necessary tools to evaluate the construction products performance at the building level. According to CEPMC, this framework should be considered as the single regulatory framework for construction products as ecodesign requirements are already included in it. There is therefore a risk of having overlap and duplication of work if TCs start working under M/495 as well. Even contradictions are foreseen because M/495 regards products individually.

Horizontal standardization works carried out by CEN/TC 350 "Sustainability of construction works" should be the basis when it comes to the assessment of the sustainability of construction works.

**4.3 ANEC** (Émilien Gasc, Ecodesign Coordinator)

The European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) is an Associate Member of CEN as well as a Cooperating Partner of CENELEC. Its aim is to ensure a proper representation of consumers' interests in standardisation and certification.

Mr Gasc presented briefly the activities and structure of ANEC, which has set up an ad hoc working group dedicated to Ecodesign. ANEC fully supports the objectives of M/495 and suggests that a coordination group be set up to manage the mandated ecodesign activities. ANEC would appreciate being part of the group and being given the opportunity to comment on the work programme before it is sent to the EC in May 2012. Mr Gasc also suggested that the coordination group and TC representatives meet with the consultants working on preparatory studies prior to the latter.

Note from CCMC: Since early 2012 this has been partially covered as the EC now invites TCs to preparatory studies from the start.

# 5. <u>Coordination under M/495 – Brainstorming</u>

The afternoon was in the form of an open session during which everybody had the opportunity to share their ideas as regards a good coordination structure/mechanism to coordinate activities under M/495. The following comments and questions led to the conclusions highlighted in green.

First of all, the participants expressed their concerns as regards the work programme that the TCs are expected to deliver to the EC by May 2012 (as requested by the mandate). Currently, Annex B being still blank, they can only base their forecast on Annex A of the mandate. However, Annex A is a mere list of product groups with no detailed technical description of the EC's expectations. CCMC offered to seek clarifications from the EC in this regard. Based on the answer of the EC, CCMC will create a standard template that TCs will be requested to fill in and to send back to CCMC by mid-April 2012.

 $\rightarrow$  CCMC to ask the EC to clarify its expectations as to the content of the work programme, and the degree of precision of that content, and to create a standard template of work programme.



 $\rightarrow$  TCs to fill in the work programme template and to send it back to CCMC by mid-April 2012.

It was also mentioned that the Annex A to M/495 contains many mistakes, inconsistencies and incompleteness. As the content of Annex A falls rather in the remit of the technical bodies, the following was decided; CCMC will then be able to clean Annex A and redistribute a corrected version.

 $\rightarrow$  CCMC to contact the TCs potentially involved in the response to M/495, asking them to review Annex A to M/495 and inform CCMC of any necessary editorial modifications by mid-March 2012.

Mr Gindroz, Chairman of the CEN-CENELEC Sector Forum "Energy Management", gave a presentation on SFEM activities and explained to the audience why he thinks it would constitute an appropriate umbrella for an Ecodesign coordination group. SFEM is a group that brings together CEN as well as CENELEC stakeholders; a diversity of members are also included, such as ANEC, ECOS, the EC, etc.; its mindset is such that it tries to reconcile the holistic approach to standardization (inherent to M/480) and the product-orientated approach (inherent to M/495). In its structure it possesses all the ingredients necessary for an efficient coordination of activities under M/495 and for establishing a link with activities in other sectors.

The majority of participants rapidly concurred and agreed to SFEM hosting the future coordination structure. They said, however, that it should be ensured that the role, way of working, mission and participants of the group are clearly stated somewhere and agreed by all. As indicated in the morning's presentations, it should also be a coordination group between works carried out under other mandates and Directives, be they product-orientated or horizontal, and regardless of the sector. Finally, a close link between TCs, Consultants and the EC should be included in the group's structure.

 $\rightarrow$  CCMC, in collaboration with SFEM Chairman and Secretary, to draft Terms of Reference for the Ecodesign Coordination Group including clear role, mission, way of working and participants.

 $\rightarrow$  CCMC to circulate the draft ToR among the participants of the awareness meeting for a commenting period, to collate the comments received and to draft a final version of the ToR.

 $\rightarrow$  CCMC to submit the ToR to CEN/BT and CENELEC/BT for vote.

It was suggested that this enlarged audience meets again in the second week of May 2012 as a follow-up of this meeting. A Doodle poll will be sent to all participants, and to those not being present today, with date proposals in the week between 7 and 11 May 2012.



# 6. <u>Closure of the meeting</u>

Ms Missiroli thanked the participants for their contribution to this fruitful event and closed the meeting at 15:15.

Brussels, 2012-02-14



# Ecodesign mandate M/495 awareness meeting

# CEN-CENELEC Meeting Centre, Brussels, 2012-02-10

Agenda

1	Opening of	JP. Vetsuypens, CCMC	
2	Introduction	n by CCMC	JP. Vetsuypens, CCMC
3	EC views		
	а	Mandate 495	C. Santos Gil, EC DG ENTR
	b	Extended product approach	W. de Wilt, EC DG ENER
	С	Standardization process	A. Viljanen, EC DG ENTR
	d	Link between M/495 and M/480	R. Nuij, EC DG ENER
		incl. message from CAP-EDMC Liaison Committee	
	е	Questions and Answers	All
4	Stakeholde	rs' views	

а	CEN/TC 371	J. Hogeling, CEN/TC 371
	"Project Committee - Energy Performance of Building project grou	p"
b	CEPMC	Ch. Beunen, CEPMC
	Council of European Producers of Materials for Construction	
С	ANEC	E. Gasc, L. Degallaix, ANEC
d	Questions and Answers	All

#### LUNCH 12:30 to 13:15

5	Coordination under M/495	
	Brainstorming – Exchange of ideas	All

6 Conclusion and next steps

7 Closure of the meeting (16:00)



# Ecodesign mandate M/495 awareness meeting

# CEN-CENELEC Meeting Centre, Brussels, 2012-02-10

Sign-up sheet

Last name	First name	Organisation / body	Signature
Ascensao	Gonçalo	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	Gryfeli
Beunen	Christine	CEPMC – Council of European Producers of Materials for Construction	A Bernen
Buscemi	Viviana	CEN/BT (Italy) On behalf of Mr Salerio	Walleform
Celata	Claudio	CEN/TC 145 "Plastics and rubber machines"	ar
Da Costa	Amilcar	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	
Degallaix	Laura	ANEC – European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation	Hereneil
della Faille de Leverghem	Alexandre	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	Alenand
Delloye	Bénédicte	SABE – CEN Strategic Advisory Body on Environment	Heller
de Wilt	Wilhelmus	EC DG ENER	Jurde Wells
Erdmann	Jens	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	fit



Last name	First name	Organisation / body	Signature
Fuchs	Gerhard	CLC/TC 59X "Performance of household and similar electrical appliances"	Jula,
Gasc	Emilien	ANEC – European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation	
Gauger	Eberhard	CLC/TC 209 "Cable networks for television signals, sound signals and interactive services"	Jang
Gindroz	Bernard	SFEM – CEN-CENELEC Sector Forum "Energy Management"	3
Glenny	Ted	CLC/TC 34Z "Luminaires and associated equipment"	Entry
Hogeling	Jaap	CEN/TC 371 "Project Committee - Energy Performance of Building project group"	flor
Imgrund	Gerhard	CEN-CLC/JWG FCGA "CEN/CENELEC Joint Working Group on Fuel cell gas appliances"	Mund
Koplewicz	Danielle	CEN/TC 406 "Project Committee – Mechanical products - Ecodesign methodology"	A-
Krzystek	Karolina	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	
Minotti	Davide	EC DG ENV	Dorm
Missiroli	Cinzia	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	Plizzoe.
Moutet	Catherine	SFEM – CEN-CENELEC Sector Forum "Energy Management"	OT
Mrotzek	Herbert	CLC/TC 111X "Environment"	H. MA



Last name	First name	Organisation / body	Signature
Nielsen	René	CENELEC BT (Denmark)	Reve heals
Nuij	Robert	EC DG ENER	15
Olabarria Uzquiano	Maitane	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	
Palmberg	Sofia	CEN/BT (Sweden) On behalf of Mr Lundh	Sel
Patra	Martial	CLC/TC 22X "Power electronics"	- Chin
Riller	Peter	CLC/TC 59X "Performance of household and similar electrical appliances"	An
Rossato	Stéphane	CEN/SFG Utilisations	Stor.
Santos Gil	César	EC DG ENTR	A
Schornick	Dieter	CEN/TC 169 "Light and lighting"	and
Simonetta	Matteo	CEN/TC 142 "Woodworking machines – Safety"	Muster franciela
Sivitos	Stamatis	ECOS – European Environmental Citizens Organisation for Standardisation	
Soetaert	Ingrid	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	17



Last name	First name	Organisation / body	Signature
Solbes	Frédéric	CEN/TC 48 "Domestic gas-fired water heaters" CEN/TC 181 "Dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances" CEN/TC 106 "Large kitchen appliances using gaseous fuels"	SA
		CEN/TC 180 "Decentralized gas heating"	
Steiger	Gerhard	CEN Rapporteur Machinery Safety	Ma
Steinmüller	Frank	CENELEC BT (Germany) On behalf of Mr Teigeler	Flery
Stenger	Juergen	CEN/TC 58 "Safety and control devices for burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels"	Ang
Toulouse	Edouard	ECOS – European Environmental Citizens Organisation for Standardisation	ELA
Valenta	Richard	CLC/TC 206 "Consumer equipment for entertainment and information and related sub-systems"	PIHLS
van Amerongen	Gerard	CEN/TC 312 "Thermal solar systems and components"	PRESENT - SEE LAST PAGE
Vetsuypens	Jean-Paul	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	PRESENT
Vigneron	Catherine	CCMC – CEN-CENELEC Management Centre	
Viljanen	Aarre	EC DG ENTR	/ gu 42



Last name	First name	Organisation / body	Signature
Visintin	Paola	CEN/TC 44 "Commercial refrigerated cabinets, catering refrigerating appliances and industrial refrigeration"	Posle Dificer
		CEN/TC 299 "Gas-fired sorption appliances, indirect fired sorption appliances, gas-fired endothermic engine heat pumps and domestic gas-fired washing and drying appliances"	
Wams	Bart	CLC/TC 108X "Safety of electronic equipment within the fields of Audio/Video, Information Technology and Communication Technology"	HA
Wohnsland	Frank	CEN/TC 153 "Machinery intended for use with foodstuffs and feed"	Fland
Wrede	Lutz	CEN/TC 57 "Central heating boilers" CEN/TC 228 "Heating systems in buildings"	Wheele
Zomers	Edward	CEN/TC 109 "Central heating boilers using gaseous fuels"	$\square$
Zweifel	Gerhard	CEN/TC 156 "Ventilation for buildings"	9 Junial
	4		



Last name	First name	Organisation / body		Signature
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		-		



# Annex 3

# Brief report of the Consultation Forum on the Ecodesign Working Plan 2012-2014, held in Brussels on 2012-01-20

Under the framework Ecodesign Directive (2005/32/EC, now replaced by 2009/125/EC) the EC has been developing a number of Implementing Regulations laying down technical ecodesign requirements for specific products (products are grouped in "product groups"; before an Implementing Regulation is drafted, a preparatory study has to take place). Since Directive 2005/32/EC came into force, the development and adoption of those Implementing Regulations have been planned according to a **"transitional period"** (2005-2008), then a **1<sup>st</sup> Ecodesign Working Plan** (2009-2011), and finally the foreseen **2<sup>nd</sup> Ecodesign Working Plan** (2012-2014). For some Implementing Regulations, the EC launched standardisation mandates to the ESOs.

The **first presentation** focused on the state of play of the EC activities in the Ecodesign field:

- Under the transitional period (2005-2008) 8 priority product groups were considered, 26 preparatory studies were finalised.
- Under the 1<sup>st</sup> Working Plan (2009-2011) 10 priority product groups were considered, 11 preparatory studies were finalised.

So far, 12 Ecodesign Implementing Regulations have been adopted and 39 standardisation mandates launched.

The <u>second presentation</u> addressed the planning of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Ecodesign Working Plan (2012-2014), which may be formally adopted in April 2012:

- It is intended that 22 new Ecodesign Implementing Regulations will be **published** between 2012 and 2014; the priority product groups are:
  - Window products for buildings
  - Steam boilers < 50 MW
  - Power cables
  - o Enterprise servers, storage and ancillary equipment
  - Smart appliances/meters

Conditional topics (i.e. for which a preparatory study will be launched subject to the outcome of ongoing regulatory processes) include:

- Positive displacement pumps
- Fractional horse power motors under 200 MW
- Heating controls
- Lighting controls



- It is intended that 8 existing Ecodesign Implementing Regulations will be **revised**, namely:
  - 244/2009 Domestic lighting I (light bulbs)
  - 245/2009 Tertiary sector lighting I (lamps and ballasts)
  - 643/2009 Domestic refrigeration
  - 1016/2010 Domestic dishwashers
  - 1015/2010 Domestic washing machines
  - 278/2009 External power supplies
  - o 642/2009 Televisions
  - $\circ$  107/2009 Simple set top boxes
- A study on the revision of the Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC will be initiated in March 2012.



EUROPEAN COMMISSION ENTERPRISE AND INDUSTRY DIRECTORATE-GENERAL

Industrial policy and economic analysis **Sustainable industrial policy** 

Brussels, 27<sup>th</sup> July 2011 **M/495 EN** 

# Standardisation mandate to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI under Directive 2009/125/EC relating to harmonised standards in the field of Ecodesign

#### **Objective**

The general objective of this mandate is to provide European standards to enable the implementation of the Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC and its implementing measures. This mandate aims at ensuring effective standardisation process.

It is intended that references of harmonised standards for the purpose of an Ecodesign implementing measure are published in the Official Journal of the European Union with respect to that measure before (or at the time of) its entry into application.

This mandate should ensure close cooperation between the European Standardisation Organisations and the Commission, transparent stakeholder consultation and effective communication as regards standardisation in the field of Ecodesign.

This mandate is overarching and generic as it covers all standardisation needs in the field of Ecodesign. Specific standardisation needs are detailed in Annexes A and B. Annexes A and B shall be amended or updated as necessary. This mandate therefore establishes the procedures for the amendment and update of Annexes A and B.

When Energy labelling requirements are introduced together with Ecodesign requirements for some product groups, this mandate also aims at providing European standards to enable the implementation of the Energy Labelling Directive 2010/30/EU and its supplementing measures.

## Background and justification: 'framework' Directive 2009/125/EC

The Ecodesign Directive establishes a legal framework for the adoption of implementing measures to promote the ecodesign of energy-related products.

Energy-related products include energy-using products<sup>1</sup>, but also products which do not consume energy but whose use has an impact on energy consumption.

The scope of the Directive includes all environmental impacts from all energy-related products. Yet, according to article 15 of the Directive, the Commission shall develop implementing measures only for energy-related products having a significant environmental impact and improvement potential. These product groups are identified in:

• Article 16 of the Ecodesign Directive<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Energy-using products consume, transfer, measure or generate energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> List of products established by the European Climate Change Programme

• The Ecodesign Working Plan, which is updated regularly (indicatively every 3 year) $^3$ .

Preparatory studies are commissioned to investigate whether and which ecodesign requirements are suitable for product groups listed in Article 16 and in the Working Plan. Preparatory studies follow an agreed methodology<sup>4</sup>. Based on the outcome of the study, the Commission may submit a draft implementing measure to the 60 Members of the Ecodesign Consultation Forum referred to in Article 18 of the Directive<sup>5</sup>. The draft is then submitted to the vote of the Regulatory Committee on Ecodesign of Energy-related products referred to in Article 19 of the Directive<sup>6</sup>. The European Parliament has a 3-month right of scrutiny<sup>7</sup>.

Implementing measures specify mandatory ecodesign requirements, which can be of 2 kinds according to the framework Directive:

- Generic requirements which "aim at improving the environmental performance of products, focusing on significant environmental aspects thereof without setting limit values" (Annex I of the Ecodesign Directive). These can relate to products' parameters, the supply of environmental information (most usually for the user), or to the manufacturer's obligation to perform a life-cycle analysis and establish an ecoprofile to evaluate alternative product design options.
- Specific requirements (limit values) which target "a selected environmental aspect of the product" (Annex II of the Ecodesign Directive), such as minimum energy efficiency requirements

For some of the product groups listed in Article 16 of the Directive and in the Ecodesign Working Plan, Energy labelling supplementing measures may be adopted together with Ecodesign implementing measures. Energy labelling requirements consist in mandatory labelling of energy-related products according to their energy consumption. They may also address the consumption of other essential resources.

Therefore, harmonised standards could be necessary for the purpose of:

- providing presumption of conformity with all or part of the generic or specific requirements set out in one or several Ecodesign implementing measures
- providing presumption of conformity with measurement requirements set out in Energy Labelling supplementing measures adopted together with Ecodesign implementing measures

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The first Ecodesign Working Plan (COM 2008 660), dated 21<sup>st</sup> of October 2008, covers the period 2009-2011 and should be updated by end 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MEEuP: Methodology for the Ecodesign of Energy-using Products. This methodology is currently being evaluated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Ecodesign Consultation Forum is composed of 27 representatives of the EU Member States, 3 representatives of the EEA Member States and 30 representatives of other stakeholders (including business federations, CEN CENELEC, consumer organisations and environmental NGOs)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Composed of 27 representatives of the EU Member States

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> If no negative vote takes place within the 3-month period of scrutiny, the implementing measure is ready for formal adoption

- supporting the implementation of one or several provisions of the framework Directive 2009/125/EC
- enabling the achievement of the policy objectives of the Ecodesign Directive

Consequently, harmonised standards could be requested to provide:

- Methods to measure and test the environmental parameters of energy-related products
- Methods to adequately present and display environmental information on energyrelated products
- Methodological guidance how to perform a life-cycle analysis and establish the product's eco-profile to assess alternative design options for energy-related products
- Methods to assess the environmental performance of energy-related products

#### <u>Timeframe for the preparation of standards in relation to Ecodesign implementing</u> <u>measures</u>

 Table 1 – Typical timeline for developing new implementing measures and corresponding deadlines

 for adopting standards

								-
Implementing Regulation	Ecodesign preparatory study		Preparation of proposal (Commission)	Discussion with Consultation Forum	Vote in Committee and EP scrutiny	Formal adoption (OJEU)		Appli cation
Indicative	24 months		6 months	6 months	6 months	6 months	12 m	onths
timeline								
	Definition of the	End of study :	CEN		Update of		Public	ation of
Related	scope of the	First agreement	CENELEC:		Annex B			the EN
Standards	study &	on the product	adoption of				standa	rd(s) in
Stanuarus	identification of	definition and	preliminary		CEN			OJEU
('at the latest'	main	categorisation,	work items		CENELEC:			
(at the latest deadlines)	standardisation	and			final			
ucaumes)	gaps	standardisation			adoption of			
		needs			work items			

When Ecodesign implementing measures (and Energy labelling supplementing measures) are adopted for product groups listed in Article 16 of the Directive or in the Ecodesign Working Plan, the objective is that relevant harmonised standards are published in the Official Journal of the European Union **before or at the date** of entry into application of legal requirements.

Table 1 presents the **<u>intended timeframe</u>** for the future development of implementing measures, after acceptance of this mandate. It is understood that this time schedule can not be followed, or only in part, for implementing measures which are already adopted or 'in the pipeline' (ongoing or completed preparatory studies).

Table 1 indicates a **<u>minimum delay of 18 months</u>**, which could be prolonged to 24 months on a case by case basis, between the vote for an implementing measure in the Regulatory Committee (stable draft), and the entry into application of the legal requirements.

To allow meeting the intended timeframe and deadlines, this mandate aims at ensuring early information of the European Standardisation Organisations about the future work programme of the Commission in the Ecodesign field and close cooperation between European Standardisation Organisations, the Commission and involved stakeholders (from the stage of the preparatory study).

#### Description of the mandated standardisation work

**Annex A** to this mandate details the product groups listed in Article 16 of the Directive and in the Ecodesign Working Plan, which require standardisation work. The Commission mandates standardisation work under the Ecodesign Directive <u>only</u> for product groups listed in Annex A. The Standing Committee under the Directive 98/34/EC shall be consulted before any amendment<sup>8</sup> to Annex A. Annex A summarises the content of the expected standardisation work and indicates a target date. Annex A shall be amended each time an updated Ecodesign Working Plan is adopted by the Commission (indicatively every 3 year). Annex A aims at providing European Standardisation Organisations with a long-term overview of the expected standardisation work.

Annex B provides technical details on the mandated standardisation work for the product groups listed in Annex A. It aims at serving as a basis for the adoption of work items by European Standardisation Organisations. Annex B will be updated regularly, when the work progress on a product group allows the Commission to precisely specify the standardisation needs. At the latest, the update of Annex B for a product group shall occur immediately after the end of the period of scrutiny in the European Parliament (cf. Table 1). The Standing Committee under the Directive 98/34/EC is systematically informed of updates of Annex B and consulted if necessary. The Standing Committee under the Directive 98/34/EC is consulted about updates of Annex B dealing with standardisation work not specific to one or several product groups (and therefore not previously identified in Annex A)<sup>9</sup>.

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI are requested to carry out the standardisation work in accordance with Annexes A and B, in order to develop standards to support the implementation of Directive 2009/125/EC, and in particular:

- 1. European standards containing harmonised methods for measuring and testing the environmental parameters of energy-related products listed in Annex A
- 2. European standards containing harmonised methods for assessing the environmental performance of energy-related products listed in Annex A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "Amendment" means the insertion of new product groups in Annex A. However, it is proposed that the Commission updates Annex A regularly to take into account new policy developments relating to products included in Annex A. These updates should not trigger additional standardisation work, but rather clarify or specify the expected standardisation work for some product groups. It is suggested that the Standing Committee under the Directive 98/34/EC is systematically informed of these updates and consulted if necessary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> This could include, for example, standardisation work related to one provision of the framework Directive, e.g. generic methodological guidance

- 3. European standards containing harmonised methods for establishing and providing environmental information on energy-related products listed in Annex A
- 4. European standards containing harmonised methods for performing a life-cycle analysis and establishing the product's ecological profile in order to identify alternative design options and improvement solutions for energy-related products listed in Annex A

Standards developed under this mandate should not conflict with other standards and any overlaps should be indicated.

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI should take into account international, European and national standards that have already been developed or are under development.

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI should take into account the discussions on standards prior to the adoption of Ecodesign implementing measures and associated Energy Labelling supplementing measures.

#### **Execution of the mandate**

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI shall present a work programme to the European Commission within 6 months of the acceptance of the mandate. This work programme shall include a precise overview of the anticipated standardisation work for the products listed in Annex A. This should include, among other items, follow-up of and support to the Ecodesign decision-making process and envisaged cooperation with the Commission and other stakeholders. The work programme shall be revised after each amendment of Annex A.

A progress report of the work carried out under this mandate shall be provided every 12 months.

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI are requested to communicate to the Commission a work plan for the execution of the standardisation work described in Annex B for each product group, indicating the standards to be developed, amended or revised. The exact timeframe for developing deliverables, additional guidelines on their content and reporting requirements are specified in Annex B for each product group.

It is requested that deliverables indicate which requirements of Directive 2009/125/EC and its implementing measures and Directive 2010/30/EU and its supplementing measures they do cover, preferably in a dedicated Annex. In addition, deliverables should preferably include a template for reporting test results and other information to be declared by manufacturers.

The text of the European standards shall be delivered to the Commission in the three working languages of CEN, CENELEC and ETSI (German, English and French).

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI will provide the titles of the standards in all the official languages of the European Union.

Deliverables should also take into account applicable legal requirements concerning the confidentiality of personal data protected under Directive 95/46/EC<sup>10</sup> and Directive 2002/58/EC<sup>11</sup>.

Given the many parties involved, e.g. consumers, manufacturers, environmental NGOs, regulators, market surveillance authorities, special attention should be paid to transparency during the process of developing the standards.

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI shall take the utmost account of any relevant developments in international standardisation when working on this mandate. CEN, CENELEC and ETSI shall aim at refining and further developing the measurement methods underlying legal requirements in Ecodesign implementing measures and associated Energy Labelling supplementing measures.

Acceptance by CEN of this mandate starts the standstill period referred to in Article 7 of the Directive 98/34/EEC of 22 June 1998<sup>12</sup>.

#### Organisations to be involved

As appropriate, CEN, CENELEC and ETSI will invite the representative organisations of consumers' interests (ANEC), environmental protection (ECOS), workers (ETUI-REHS) and small and medium-size enterprises (NORMAPME) to take part in the standardisation work.

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI shall also invite Member States' representatives, in particular those appointed to the Regulatory Committee on the Ecodesign of Energy-Related Products and to the Ecodesign Consultation Forum, or the technical experts assisting these representatives, to take part in the work.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> OJ L 281/31 of 23.11.1995

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> OJ L 201/37 of 31.7 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> OJ L 204/37 of 21.7.1998

# ANNEX A

#### Product groups

Product Group	State-of-Play	Short description of the expected standardisation work	Target date							
PRODUCT GROUPS COVERED BY INDIVIDUAL MANDATES AND NOT COVERED BY THE PRESENT HORIZONTAL MANDATE (Individual mandates issued prior to the acceptance of the present horizontal mandate) Products mentioned in Article 16 of the Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC as priority for adoption of implementing measures by the Commission										
Standby and off mode power consumption	Reg. 2008/1275 adopted <b>Mandate M/439</b> (accepted) No transitory measurement method has been published but supplementary information can be found in the <i>Guidelines</i> <sup>13</sup> <i>accompanying Reg. 2008/1275</i> (October 2009)	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li>Measurement methods covered under M/439</li> <li>Additional needs: <ul> <li>Horizontal standard for measurement of standby power based on EN 62301</li> <li>Measurement of standby power for household appliances (currently revised) - same requirements are covered by other standards such as EN 62018. Power Management (specific standards for different products)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Technical Committee(s): Joint Working Group (CLC TC108X,</li> </ul>	Target date for delivery under M/439: 1 <sup>st</sup> quarter 2011 (positive vote on the draft standard in Jan. 2011)							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> <u>http://ec.europa.eu/energy/efficiency/ecodesign/doc/legislation/guidelines\_for\_smes\_1275\_2008\_okt\_09.pdf</u>

Simple Set Top Boxes	Reg. 2009/107 adopted	<ul> <li>59X and 111X). IEC/TC111/PT62542 for measurement methods.</li> <li>Consultant: Fraunhofer Institute for Reliability and Microintegration, IZM, Berlin</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): DigitalEurope, CECED, Orgalime</li> <li>Standardisation needs: ESO are requested to develop Harmonised</li> </ul>	Target date for
Simple Set Top Boxes	Mandate M/451 (accepted in Oct. 2009) Transitory measurement method is included in the Implementing Reg. 2009/107	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs. ESO are requested to develop framoniscies</li> <li>Standards containing methods to measure the power consumption of simple set top boxes in active and standby modes. ESO are asked to base on the existing standard IEC 62087: 2008 (Edition 2). It should be noted that, in accordance with the criteria laid out in Regulation (EC) No 107/2009, the Harmonised Standard should specify that during measurement the simple set-top boxes should not be powering any external devices, such as Satellite LNB, Terrestrial active antenna, ADSL modem or cable modem.</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC 209 and 206</li> <li>Consultant: MVV Energiedienstleistungen, Germany</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): DIGITAL EUROPE</li> </ul>	delivery under M/451: 12 months after acceptance
External Power Supplies	Reg. 2009/278 adopted	Standardisation needs:	
	Mandate M/450 (accepted)No transitory measurement methodhasbeenpublishedbut	<ul> <li>M/450 covers measurement of active and no-load power consumption</li> <li>M/455 requested the development of Harmonised Standards to ensure the interoperability between data-enabled mobile</li> </ul>	TargetdatefordeliveryunderM/450:2ndquarter2011(draftstandard

	supplementary information can be found in the <i>Guidelines<sup>14</sup></i> accompanying Reg. 2008/1275 (October 2009) Mandate M/455 (concluded)	<ul> <li>telephones and a common charger (external power supply), as well as appropriately consider safety risks and electro-magnetic disturbances which could arise from the combination of chargers and mobile telephones produced by different manufacturers. The mandate was concluded in December 2010 with the publication of 2 deliverables: <ul> <li>EN/IEC 62684: interoperability of common external power supply (EPS) with data-enabled mobile telephones</li> <li>EN 301489-34: electromagnetic compatibility of the common charger</li> </ul> </li> <li>Technical Committee(s): M/450: Joint Working Group (CLC TC108X, 59X and 111X).</li> <li>Consultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): Digital Europe</li> </ul>	awaiting vote) No activity (concluded)
Televisions	Reg. 2009/642 adopted <b>Mandate M/477</b> sent to ESO in December 2010 Transitory measurement method published in OJEU C114, 4 May 2010, p4	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: The individual mandate request that ESO develop a Harmonised Standard covering power consumption measurements (likely to be based on IEC 62087)</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC/TC108X, possibly TC206 or a new TC100X</li> <li>Consultant: Fraunhofer Institute for Reliability and Microintegration, IZM, Germany</li> </ul>	4th quarter 2011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> <u>http://ec.europa.eu/energy/efficiency/ecodesign/doc/legislation/guidelines\_for\_smes\_1275\_2008\_okt\_09.pdf</u>

		Main stakeholder(s): Digital Europe	
Electric motors	Reg. 2009/640 adopted Mandate M/470 (accepted) No transitory measurement method will be published	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: ESO are requested to develop Harmonised Standards containing procedures and methods for measuring the energy efficiency and associated characteristics such as mechanical output power and electrical input power of electric motors falling into the scope of Reg. 2009/640</li> <li>First stage : efficiency of the motors</li> <li>Second stage: efficiency of systems</li> <li>ESO are requested to ensure cooperation with IEC TC22X and IEC TC2. In IEC the following standard is at FDIS stage: IEC 60034-30 Ed.1: Rotating electrical machines - Part 30: Efficiency classes of single-speed, three-phase, cage-induction motors (IE Code).</li> <li>The Commission will publish the Harmonised Standard EN60034 in the OJ as soon as deliverables are received</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC2X WG6, coordinating the work on system metrics; IECTC2 WG28 and WG 31 and CLC TC2</li> <li>Consultant: AEA Technology, the United Kingdom</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): ORGALIME</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Target date for delivery under M/470:</li> <li>Stage 1 requirement: 12 months after acceptance</li> <li>Stage 2 and 3 requirements: 48 months after acceptance</li> </ul>
Circulators	Reg. 2009/641 adopted <b>Mandate M/469</b> (accepted) No transitory measurement methods will be published	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : ESO are expected to develop Harmonised Standards to measure and calculate the energy efficiency, hydraulic power, power consumption and associated characteristics of standalone circulators and glandless circulators integrated in products falling into the scope of Reg. 2009/341. The Commission will publish the Harmonised Standard EN 60034	<ul> <li>Target date for delivery under M/470:</li> <li>Stage 1 requirement: 12 months after acceptance</li> <li>Stage 2</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>in the OJ as soon as deliverables are received</li> <li><b>Technical Committee(s)</b>: TC2 and TC22X, TC17B, with consultation of TC59X</li> <li><b>Consultant</b>: AEA Technology, the United Kingdom</li> <li><b>Main stakeholder(s)</b>: EUROPUMP</li> </ul>	requirements: 36 months after acceptance
Tertiary lighting	and office	Reg. 2009/245 adopted <b>Mandate M/485</b> sent to ESO on 2 February 2011 Transitory measurement method published in OJEU 2010/C 92/04 of 10 <sup>th</sup> April 2010	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li>Possible horizontal standardization issues are:</li> <li>Standby and off mode power</li> <li>Luminaire efficiency</li> <li>FL ballast efficiency (amend EN 50294)</li> <li>HID ballast efficiency measurement method</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CIE, IEC TC34 and SCs, CLC TC 34Z / IEC TC 34C</li> <li>Consultant: VITO - Flemish Institute for Technological Research, Belgium</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CELMA, ELC</li> </ul>	Target date for delivery under M/485: 12 months after acceptance, except as regards the method to measure the power of electronic ballasts for HID lamps (18 months after acceptance)
Household appliances	refrigerating	Ecodesign Reg. 643/2009 and Energy labelling Reg. 1060/2010 adopted. Mandate M/459 (accepted) Transitory measurement method for the purpose of Ecodesign Reg.	Standardisation needs:Revision of current performance measurement for cooling appliancesTechnical Committee(s):CLC TC59XConsultant:ISIS - Istituto di Studi per l'Integrazione die Sistemi, Italy	Targetdatefordelivery under M/459:1818acceptance

	643/2009 published in OJEU 2010/C 16/09 of 22 <sup>nd</sup> January 2010 Transitory measurement method for the purpose of Energy Labelling Reg. 1060/2010 to be published in OJEU-C by end February 2011	Main stakeholder(s): CECED	
Household washing machines	Ecodesign Reg. 1015/2010 and Energy labelling Reg. 1061/2010 adopted Mandate M/458 (accepted) No transitory measurement method will be published	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: Creation of EN60436 in agreement with IEC60456 and including additional characteristics</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC59X</li> <li>Consultant: ISIS - Istituto di Studi per l'Integrazione die Sistemi, Italy</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED</li> </ul>	Deadline for the voting procedure on prEN standard: 11/02/2011
Household dishwashers	Ecodesign Reg. 1016/2010 adopted <b>Mandate M/481</b> sent to ESO on 17/01/2011 Transitory measurement method to be published in the near future	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: Revise and modify as necessary EN 50242 and EN 60456. In particular, M/481 specifies that EN standards should identify and control the sources of variability of test results and provide values for measurement uncertainties, notably for market surveillance purposes.</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC59X</li> <li>Consultant: ISIS - Istituto di Studi per l'Integrazione die Sistemi, Italy</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED</li> </ul>	Targetdatefordelivery under M/481:1212monthsafteracceptance
Room air conditioning appliances, local air	Preparatory study completed	Standardisation needs: ESO are requested to develop Harmonised	Target date for

coolers and comfort fans	Mandate M/488 sent to ESO in	Standards to measure and calculate:	delivery:
	February 2011	<ul> <li><u>Air conditioners below 12 kW</u>: seasonal energy efficiency ratio (SEER); seasonal coefficient of performance (SCOP); power consumption in auxiliary power modes; indoor and outdoor A-weighted sound power; design refrigerant mass; energy efficiency ratio (EER) ; coefficient of performance (COP) ; cooling and heating capacity; air flow rate</li> <li><u>comfort fans below 125kW</u>: air flow rate; service value (SV); power consumption in auxiliary power modes; sound power</li> <li>This implies the revision of current standards (EN 14511-1; EN 15218:2006; EN 12102:2008) and the finalisation of prEN 14826:2009</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): to be decided</li> <li>Consultant: ARMINES, France</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED, EPEE</li> </ul>	16 months after acceptance
Imaging equipment (copiers, faxes, printers,	Mandate M/462 (accepted)	Standardisation needs:	
(copiers, faxes, printers, scanners, multifunctional devices)		No standardisation need is identified. Measurement methods are available in the applicable Commission Decision of 16 June 2009, OJ L 161, p. 16 implementing the Energy Star Programme. The Ecodesign regulation will cross-reference them. <b>Technical Committee(s)</b> : CLC/TC 108X, JTC 1 /SC28 and TC42 <b>Consultant</b> : Fraunhofer Institute for Reliability and Microintegration, IZM, Germany	No activity

		Main stakeholder(s): Digital Europe	
Variable Speed Drives and Power Drive Systems, including voltage regulators	Mandate M/476 sent to ESO	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : ESO are requested to develop Harmonised Standards containing methods for measuring the energy consumption, energy efficiency, load and speed profiles and associated characteristics of either Variable Speed Drives or Power Drive Systems	Targetdatefordelivery under M/476:36acceptance
		<b>Technical Committee(s)</b> : CLC TC22 and TC2X WG6, coordinating the work on system metrics; in close cooperation with IECTC2 WG28 and WG 31 and CLC TC2	
		<b>Main stakeholder(s):</b> drive manufacturers (no EU federation yet), CEMEP, ORGALIME	
Water Pumps	Individual draft mandate sent to ESO for informal consultation. Final mandate to be sent to ESO shortly	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : ESO are requested to develop Harmonised Standards covering the measurement and calculation of the following parameters:	Target date for delivery:
		<ul> <li>Energy Efficiency</li> <li>Hydraulic power</li> <li>Power consumption</li> <li>Associated characteristics</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): In particular, the standardisation work should be performed in close cooperation with CLC TC 22 X WG6</li> </ul>	12 months after acceptance
		Consultant: AEA Technology, the United Kingdom Main stakeholder(s): EUROPUMP	
Fans	Individual draft mandate sent to ESO for informal consultation. Final	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : ESO are asked to translate ISO 12759 into a Harmonised Standard containing methods to measure the energy efficiency and associated characteristics of fans driven by motors	Target date for delivery:

	mandate to be sent to ESO shortly	<ul> <li>with an electric input power between 125 W and 500 kW, with special attention to in-situ testing and testing of fans with housing, as necessary</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CEN TC 159</li> <li>Consultant: AEA Technology, the United Kingdom</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): Eurovent, AMCA Europe</li> </ul>	12 months after acceptance			
Vacuum cleaners	Mandate M/353 (accepted)         GRANT       AGREEMENT         SA/CLC/ENTR/353/2007-05         "Measurement standard concerning         household       electrical         appliance:         Vacuum Cleaner"	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: pr EN 60312 covers the main element included in the mandate in particular measurement of</li> <li>Dust re-emission (small particulates)</li> <li>Cleaning efficiency</li> <li>Energy consumption</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC59X WG6</li> <li>Consultant: AEA Technology, the United Kingdom</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED</li> </ul>	Target date for delivery is specified under M/353			
(Addi	PRODUCT GROUPS COVERED BY THE PRESENT HORIZONTAL MANDATE (Additional technical details for the expected standardisation work will be provided through updates of Annex B)					
PRODUCTS MENTIONED IN ARTICLE 16 OF THE ECODESIGN DIRECTIVE 2009/125/EC AS PRIORITY FOR THE ADOPTION OF IMPLEMENTING MEASURES BY THE COMMISSION						
Boilers and combi-boilers (gas and oil fired boilers, heat pumps and mCHP)		Standardisation needs: ESO are expected to develop harmonised standards covering:	4th quarter 2012			

Water heaters (gas, electric, oil)	Adoption of the Ecodesign Implementing Reg. is planned in 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Standardisation needs: ESO are expected to develop harmonised standards covering:	4th quarter 2012
		<ul> <li>Available standards include EN 50465 for mCHP and EN 303 for gas boilers.</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CEN/TC 109 (central heating boilers using gaseous fuels), CEN TC/299 (gas-fired appliances) CEN TC 113, CEN TC/57 and TC/228 (heating systems); CEN/TC 312 (thermal solar systems and components) and Joint Working Group CEN/CLC FCGA as regards mCHP</li> <li>Consultant: Van Holstejn en Kemna B.V. (VHK), the Netherlands</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): EHI, Eurovent, EHCA, AEGPL, ESTIF, Europump, Eurofuel, Marcogaz, EHPA, COGEN, OPENTHERM, EPEE</li> </ul>	
	Technical details on expected standardisation work will be specified in an update to Annex B at the time when the Ecodesign Implementing Reg. is adopted	<ul> <li>Measurement of space heating energy efficiency of fossil fuel boilers, mCHP and heat pumps</li> <li>Classification of controls</li> <li>Energy performance of solar thermal parts</li> <li>Emissions of nitrogen oxides and carbon monoxide</li> <li>Methods for calculating the seasonal room heating energy efficiency of fossil fuel boilers, mCHP and heat pumps, their combinations, and their combinations with controls, solar thermal parts, pumps and storage tanks</li> <li>Methods for calculating the water heating energy efficiency of combibilities</li> <li>Methods for calculating the water heating energy efficiency of combibilities</li> </ul>	

	half 2011 Technical details on expected standardisation work will be specified in an update to Annex B at the time when the Ecodesign Implementing Reg. is adopted	<ul> <li>Measurement of water heating energy efficiency of fossil fuel water heater, electric water heaters and heat pump water heaters</li> <li>Energy performance of solar thermal parts</li> <li>Standing losses of hot water storage tanks</li> <li>Emissions of nitrogen oxides and carbon monoxide</li> <li>Methods for calculating the water heating energy efficiency of water heaters and their combinations with solar thermal parts, pumps and storage tanks</li> <li>Parts of the standardisation needs described above are covered by the on-going work under mandate M/324, prEN 50440 (electric storage water heaters) and draft prEN 50193 (electric instantaneous water heaters)</li> <li>Available standards include EN 15033 for GPL water heaters and EN 13203 (parts 1 to 5) for domestic gas appliances for hot water</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC/TC59X; CEN/TC312 (thermal solar systems and components); CEN/TC 109 (Central heating boilers using gaseous fuels); CEN/TC48 (Domestic gas-fired water heaters), CEN/TC 181 (dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances)</li> <li>Consultant: Van Holstejn en Kemna B.V. (VHK), the Netherlands</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED, EHI, EHCA, AEGPL, ESTIF, EHPA, Marcogaz, Eurofuel, EPEE</li> </ul>	
Personal computers (desktops and laptops) and computer monitors		<b>Standardisation needs</b> : No standardisation need has been identified. Measurement methods are available in the applicable Commission Decision of 16 June 2009, OJ L 161, p. 16 implementing the Energy Star Programme.	No activity (no specific standardisation work

		The Ecodesign regulation will cross-reference them.	expected from ESO)
		Technical Committee(s): CLC/TC 108X or TC100	
		<b>Consultant</b> : Industrial Research and Development Corporation (IVF), TCO Development and Swedish Environmental Research Institute Ltd. (IVL)	
		Main stakeholder(s): Digital Europe	
Complex Set Top Boxes	Draft voluntary agreement by the Digital Interoperability	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : No standardisation need has been identified. The applicable measurement method is included in the Voluntary Agreement	No activity (no specific standardisation work
		<b>Technical Committee(s)</b> : CLC TC209 and 206	expected from ESO)
		Consultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France	
		Main stakeholder(s): the Digital Interoperability	
Non directional household	Reg. 2009/244 adopted	Standardisation needs:	2 <sup>nd</sup> half 2013
lamps	Technical details on expected standardisation work will be specified in an update to Annex B at the time when the future Ecodesign Implementing Reg. on directional lamps is adopted (in 2011) Transitory measurement methods are published in Annex III of the	<ul> <li>Lamp energy efficiency</li> <li>Lamp functionality parameters</li> <li>ESO are expected to develop Harmonised Standards for the purpose of the Ecodesign Implementing Reg. on the basis of the EN standards listed in Annex III of the Regulation. The EN standards will have to be extended to the lamp types covered by the Regulation but not yet by the standards in question or separate standards will have to be developed and/or harmonised to measure the same parameters in those lamps types. Measurement methods listed in Annex III but which are not EN standard will have to be harmonised as EN standards. ESO will be able to build on the</li> </ul>	

	Regulation	<ul> <li>several related international standards currently under development or revision</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC/34A</li> <li>Consultant: VITO - Flemish Institute for Technological Research, Belgium</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CELMA, ELC</li> </ul>	
Directional lamps and household luminaires	Adoption of the Ecodesign Implementing Reg. is planned in 2011 Technical details on expected standardisation work will be specified in an update to Annex B at the time when the future Ecodesign Implementing Reg. is adopted, jointly with details for standardisation work under Regulation 244/2009 Transitory measurement methods will be published in the OJ in 2011	Standardisation needs:         ESO are expected to develop harmonised standards covering:         For directional lamps (all technologies):         • energy efficiency         • power         • luminous flux         • voltage         • cap type         • life time in hours         • premature failure rate         • number of switching cycles before failure         • colour temperature         • colour rendering         • colour consistency (for LEDs)         • starting time         • warm-up time up to 60% of the full light output         • dimensions in millimetres (length and diameter);         • peak intensity in candela         • beam angle in degrees [°]	End of 2012

		<ul> <li>power factor</li> <li>lumen maintenance factor at the end of the nominal life</li> <li>mercury content</li> <li>UVA, UVB, UVC and blue light emissions</li> <li>For other products:</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>standby power of lighting transformers</li> <li>standby power of household luminaires</li> <li>Many related international standards are currently under development or revision.</li> </ul>	
		Technical Committee(s): CLC/34A	
		<b>Consultant : :</b> VITO - Flemish Institute for Technological Research, Belgium	
		Main stakeholders: CELMA, ELC	
Household tumble dryers	Adoption of the Ecodesign Reg. expected before 31/12/2011 Technical details on expected	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : Alignment to the possible modifications of the new standard for household washing machines EN 60456 and IEC 61121. Tasks will include:	31/12/2012.
	standardisation work will be specified in an update to Annex B before 30/05/2011	• procedures and methods for measuring the energy consumption, condensation efficiency, programme time, power consumption and duration of the low power modes, in particular of the left-on mode where the household tumble dryer is equipped with a	
	The Commission considers reviewing the Energy labelling Directive 95/13/EC	<ul> <li>power management system; and airborne acoustical noise emissions</li> <li>alignment of the test procedures for electric mains-operated and gas fired household tumble dryers</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>identifying and reducing uncertainty of measurements</li> <li>evaluation of the right number of test cycles</li> <li>taking into account lower loads (referring to 60456)</li> </ul>	

		<ul> <li>For washer-dryers EN 50229 should be adapted accordingly (washer-dryers should be dealt with separately).</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC59X; CEN/TC299 for gas fired household tumble dryers</li> <li>Consultant: PriceWaterHouseCoopers</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED</li> </ul>	
Commercial refrigeration (display cabinets and cold vending machines)	1	Standardisation needs: <u>Display_cabinets</u> : EN_ISO 23953 covers the basic needs for measurement of energy consumption, total display area and volume. <u>Cold Vending Machines</u> : ESO are expected to develop a new EN standard (basis: EVA-EMP protocol)         Technical Committee(s): CEN/TC 44         Consultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France         Main stakeholder(s): Eurovent, Cecomaf, EPEE	Mid-2013
Solid fuel small combustion appliances	Preparatory study completed (as well as background study in view of impact assessment)	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: In view of the adoption of an Ecodesign Implementing Reg., ESO are expected to develop harmonised standards covering:</li> <li>Measurement of space heating energy efficiency of solid fuel boilers, stoves, ovens and inserts for open fire places</li> <li>Classification of controls</li> <li>Emissions of NOx, CO, Organic Gaseous Compounds</li> <li>Emissions of Particulate Matter, and its particle size distribution</li> </ul>	Mid-2015

			• M e o aj Tech solar Cons Kem	subdivided in relevant size classes) Methods for calculating the seasonal room heating energy efficiency of solid fuel boilers, stoves, ovens and inserts for open fire places and their combinations with controls, if appropriate <b>anical Committee(s)</b> : TC 57, TC 295 ; CEN/TC312 (thermal systems and components) sultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France, and Van Holsteijn en na (VHK), the Netherlands <b>n stakeholder(s)</b> : EHI, CEFACD	
Professional washing machines, dryers and dishwashers	· · ·	ending	For y work A In In In S P C T d S S T Meas devel	dardisation needs washing machines, dryers and dishwashers, standardisation a should define: Ambient temperature and humidity; nput water temperature; nput temperature for the wash ware; Selection of program ('standard' washing and drying brogrammes) and program duration; Cleaning capacity; Type (formulation) and dosage of detergent (and rinse aid for lishwashers); Standard wash ware and laundry; Soiling of the items including dry-on time of the soiling; Type and dosage of detergents. surement methods for the following parameters should be loped: Cleaning and possibly rinsing results and hygienic performance;	2013

<ul> <li>Energy and water consumption during continuous use or per cycle at full and partial loads; possibly consumption in other than 'standard' program</li> <li>Energy demand in standby modes (ready-to-use, left-on, and if applicable: off mode);</li> <li>For professional washing machines: residual moisture content and spinning efficiency</li> <li>The standardisation work should aim at giving results close to real-user behaviours and include an estimate of measurement variation,</li> </ul>
which should be reduced to the minimum possible.
<b>Technical Committee(s)</b> : CLC TC 59X (except for hygienic performance), CEN/TC 299 (gas-fired household appliances)
<b>Consultant</b> : BIO Intelligence Service, France and Öko-Institut, Germany
Main stakeholder(s) (for the three major producing EU Member States):
<ul> <li>Germany: HKI (Industrieverband Haus-, Heiz und Küchentechnik e.V. – German association of domestic heating and cooking appliances); and VGG (Vereinigung Gewerbliches Geschirrspülen – Association of commercial dishwashing);</li> <li>Italy: CECED Italia (national association of producers of domestic and professional appliances);</li> <li>Spain: FELAC (Federación Española de Asociaciones de Fabricantes de Maquinaria para Hostelería, Colectividades e Industrias Afines – Spanish Federation of Associations of Manufacturers of Machinery for Hospitality, Collectivities and</li> </ul>
Allied Industries)

	PRODUCT GROUPS LISTED IN T	THE FIRST ECODESIGN WORKING PLAN COM (2008)660	
Professional refrigeration (service cabinets, blast cabinets, walk-in cold rooms, chillers, remote condensing units)		<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li>Service cabinets: adaptation of EN ISO 23953 to the measurement and testing of energy consumption of storage refrigerated cabinets to replace EN411:1995 (adaption is necessary for at least 3 basic parameters: door openings; M-package positioning; ambient temperature). A first agreement on the main parameters of the future measurement method between the major stakeholders is expected before June 2011.</li> <li>Blast cabinets: ESO are expected to develop a Harmonised Standard containing methods and testing procedures for measuring the energy consumption of blast cabinets, on the basis of the French standard AC D40-003</li> <li>Walk-in Cold Rooms: ESO are expected to develop a Harmonised Standard covering the following parameters: <ul> <li>Measurement of the overall energy performance of cold rooms (existing approaches include the draft US Department of Energy test protocol, the ATP standard for refrigerated cabinets)</li> <li>Measurement of the overall thermal performance of the insulated envelope of the cold room (excluding the measurement and testing of the energy consumption of the refrigeration system). Available standards include ETAG 021 for measuring the thermal performance of insulating panels and cold room kits; EN 13163:2009, EN 13164:2009, EN 13165:2009 and EN 13166:2009 for measuring the thermal performance of insulating materials; the US Department of Energy test protocol as regards the heat load of the insulated envelope</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Mid-2013

## PRODUCT GROUPS LISTED IN THE FIRST ECODESIGN WORKING PLAN COM (2008)660

		<ul> <li>As necessary, measurement and testing of the energy performance of fan motors (on the basis of EN60034 defining efficiency classes for electric motors and related work in IEC TC 2 and TC 22, to be adapted for small motors &lt;0.75kW) and fans (on the basis of ISO12759 defining efficiency grades for fans).</li> <li><u>Remote condensing units</u> (packaged):         <ul> <li>Update, as necessary, of EN 13215 and EN 13771 to ensure accurate measurement of nominal COP (e.g. as regards ambient temperatures).</li> <li>Revision, as necessary, of EN 13215 and EN 13771 to take seasonality (ESEER, SCOP) and partial loading into account</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Chillers</u>: development of a Harmonised Standard containing methods and test procedures to measure the energy performance, COP and refrigerant charge of chillers, on the basis of EN 14511 and prEN 14825</li> <li><b>Technical Committee(s)</b>: CEN/TC 44 (household refrigerated appliances and commercial refrigeration equipment), <u>CEN/TC 113</u> (heat pumps and air conditioning units)</li> <li><b>Consultant</b>: BIO Intelligence Service, France</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): EFCEM, AREA, CECED, EPEE, ASERCOM</li> </ul>	
Distribution transformers	Preparatory study completed	Standardisation needs:	Mid-2013
	Adoption of an Ecodesign Implementing Reg. is planned before mid-2012	<ul> <li>Standard to measure the load and no load losses for smaller industrial transformers with a high-voltage winding below 1 kV, with a similar method as in the EN 60076-x series.</li> <li>Standard to define and include fire behaviour of distribution</li> </ul>	

		<ul> <li>transformers filled with silicon liquid or biodegradable natural esters.</li> <li>Standard on oil-immersed power transformers from 3150 kVA up to at least 350000 kVA and HV up to at least 400kV including reference series for load and no load losses, inspired by standard DIN 42508.</li> <li>Add extra no-load classes in standard EN 50464-1 to take account of better performing transformers.</li> <li>Extend the range from 32 kVA to 3150 kVA and add the inter- and extra-polation method for unlisted ratings in standard EN 50464-1.</li> <li>Add extra more ambitious no-load and load classes in draft standard prEN50541-1 and standard EN 50464-1.</li> <li>Introduce EN standards corresponding to the existing IEC standards, as necessary (e.g. IEC 60076-1)</li> <li>In particular, develop a standard corresponding to IEC 60076-1 and reconsider the maximum allowable tolerances of total losses.</li> <li>Modify relevant standards to include the values of the load and no-load losses of the transformer on the rating plate.</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CENELEC TC 14, TC96</li> </ul>	
Sound and imaging equipment	Preparatory study completed	<b>Standardisation needs</b> : To be defined after clarification whether and which ecodesign requirements should be set. Possibly measurement of power consumption and environmental performance standards for:	2013

		<ol> <li>Video players/recorders: revise/modify IEC / EN 62087; consider U.S. ENERGY STAR on audio/video 2.0</li> <li>Projectors: revise/modify IEC / EN 62087, IEC/ EN 61947; address Watts / light output (brightness), including issues of IEC/EN illuminance, colour gamut, white/colour light testing, special lens characteristics (e.g. wide/short throw) and special light path filtering</li> <li>Game consoles: no existing standard; address Watts / FLOPS or other computational performance metric; consider draft U.S. ENERGY STAR on computers 5.1 (game consoles)</li> <li>Horizontal for the three products: revise/modify IEC 62075 Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment – Environmentally conscious design; including a declaration along the line of ECMA 370</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): possibly CLC TC100. IEC TC 100 should be consulted</li> <li>Consultant: AEA, United Kingdom (preparatory study finished 11/2010)</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): Digital Europe</li> </ol>	
Laboratory and industrial ovens and furnaces	Preparatory Study ending in Nov. 2011	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li>ESO are expected to develop Harmonised Standards covering the following equipments and parameters:</li> <li>Industrial ovens and furnaces: <ul> <li>Translation of the draft ISO 13579-1 into an EN</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2014

Machine tools	Preparatory Study ending in Nov.	<ul> <li>standard covering furnaces and ovens of all types and sizes, in coordination with the ongoing work in ISO TC 244</li> <li>As necessary, development of an EN standard containing methods to measure the insulation performance of the chamber (possibly on the basis of EN 13732-1 if insulation performance is controlled through the outer wall surface temperature)</li> <li>As necessary, development of an EN standard containing methods to measure the gas to air ratio in burners</li> <li>As necessary, development of an EN standard containing methods to measure the gas to air ratio in burners</li> <li>As necessary, development of an EN standard containing methods to measure the rate of waste heat recovery (related parameters such as exhaust gas temperature and preheated air temperature should be taken into account)</li> <li>Laboratory ovens and furnaces: development of a Harmonised Standard containing methods and testing procedures to measure the energy consumption and energy efficiency (possibly on the basis of the wet brick test included in the ENAK standard for commercial steam ovens)</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CEN TC/186, CLC/SR27, CLC/TC62</li> <li>Consultant: Cobham (ERA Technology Limited, UK)</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECOF, ORGALIME, VDMA, BIFCA, GAMBICA, FME</li> </ul>	2014
	2011	At the moment no specific standardisation which could	2014

		<ul> <li>significantly influence the ecological performance is readily available for the product scope of the study. However, the ongoing work by ISO TC 39 on environmental evaluation of machine tools should be carefully taken into consideration. The potential need for standards supporting regulation is identified in the field of power consumption, power modes, and power management as well as on consumption of lubricants, compressed air, water, and waste. However certain noise measurement standards exist which could provide a sound basis for environmental standards.</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): Indicatively CEN TC121, TC123, TC142, TC143, TC145, ISO TC39</li> <li>Consultant: Fraunhofer institute</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECIMO, EUROMAP, ORGALIME, EUMABOIS, CEMEP, EWA</li> </ul>	
Air conditioning and ventilation systems	Preparatory Study ending in Nov. 2011	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li>To be defined when scope of the foreseen measure is clear. Preliminary scope of preparatory study, possibly measurement and calculation of power consumption and environmental performance standards for:</li> <li>Air conditioning products, except air-to-air air conditioners ≤ 12kW covered separately:</li> <li>1) Cooling generators: Package, split and multi split air conditioner [air-to-air &gt; 12 kW, water-to-air, evaporatively cooled], Roof tops [air-to-air], VRF systems (centralized air conditioning systems with</li> </ul>	2014

refrigerant fluid as the main media to circulate and extract heat from the building) [air-to-air and water-to-air], Chillers for air conditioning applications [air-to-water, water-to-water, evaporatively cooled], Renewable cooling: evaporative and desiccant cooling, solar cooling; existing standards: EN 14511, prEN 14825, EN 12309, EN 15218, EN 12102	
2) Air circulation and air treatment: Air Handling Units including energy consuming subsystems as air to air heat recovery air conditioning units, Cooling coils; existing standards: EN 13053, EN 1216	
3) Terminal units to extract heat from the space to be conditioned: Fan coils, active ceiling beams, water-to-air air conditioners, existing standards: EN 1397, EN 14240, EN 14518, EN 15116, EN 1264, EN 15377	
4) Heat extraction means from the cooling system: Cooling towers, Dry coolers; existing standards: EN 1048, EN 14705, EN 13741	
5) Controls to minimize energy consumption of air conditioning systems including Building Energy Management Systems (BEMS)	
Non-domestic ventilation products:	
1) Dedicated ventilation exhaust air handling units, rooftop and box fans, including controls	
2) Dedicated ventilation supply air handling units, including controls	

		<ul> <li>3) Combined mechanical supply and exhaust ventilation air handling units, including controls and heat recovery</li> <li>4) Units acc. nrs 1 to 3, incorporating the capability of switching from mechanical to natural mode</li> <li>5) Controls used to optimize ventilation rates</li> <li>6) Electrically operated inlet/outlet openings/grids</li> <li>Existing standards: EN 13053, EN 1886, ISO 5801, ISO 12248, ISO 5221, ISO 5136, ISO 3746, EN 1751, EN 1216, EN 779, EN 308</li> </ul>	
		<b>Technical Committee(s)</b> : <u>to be decided</u> , consult ISO/TC 205/WG9	
		Consultant: ARMINES, France	
		Main stakeholder(s): Eurovent, EPEE, EVIA	
Domestic ventilation	Preparatory study completed in 2009. Additional stakeholder study completed in 2010.	<b>Standardisation needs:</b> More details on the expected standardisation work will be provided once the scope of the future Implementing Measure is clarified. Standardisation work will include at least measurement methods for energy efficiency and sound power of appliances such as exhaust fans, heat recovery appliances (or systems) and/or kitchen hoods, taking into account standards such as CEN prEN 13141-7:June 2010, prEN 13141-8:July 2010, EN 13141-6:Jan.2004, prEN 13142: Jan.2010 (Rev. V7), CENELEC EN 61591:1997 + A1:2006 + A2: 2010, EN 60704-2-13:2000 + A1:2006 + A2:2008, EN 60704-3:2006.	1st quarter 2012

Local room heatingPreparatory study ongoingStandardisation needs:2014			Technical Committee(s): <u>to be decided</u> Consultant: ARMINES, France Main stakeholder(s): Eurovent, EPEE, EVIA	
products       Preliminary scope of preparatory study, possibly measurement and calculation of power consumption and environmental performance standards for:         Convector heaters, oil-filled heaters, fan heaters, radiant heaters, storage heaters, thin fim/cable heating systems, fireplaces, air doors/curtains, industrial unit heaters, either electric, gas or liquid fuel operated, and related system components, including controls, as well as emissions and noise, such as:         Automatic burner with blower for liquid fuels standard specifies requirements for testing, terminology, construction and operation (EN 267)	Local room heating products	Preparatory study ongoing	<ul> <li>Preliminary scope of preparatory study, possibly measurement and calculation of power consumption and environmental performance standards for:</li> <li>Convector heaters, oil-filled heaters, fan heaters, radiant heaters, storage heaters, thin fim/cable heating systems, fireplaces, air doors/curtains, industrial unit heaters, either electric, gas or liquid fuel operated, and related system components, including controls, as well as emissions and noise, such as:</li> <li>Automatic burner with blower for liquid fuels standard specifies requirements for testing, terminology,</li> </ul>	2014

416)
Non-domestic gas-fired overhead luminous radiant heaters (EN 419)
Specification for dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances - Domestic flueless <sup>15</sup> space heaters (including diffusive catalytic combustion heaters) (EN 449)
Specification for dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances flueless non-domestic space heaters not exceeding 10 kW (EN 461)
Decorative fuel-effect gas appliances (EN 509)
Portable vapour pressure liquefied petroleum gas appliances (EN 521)
Gas-fired air heaters without heat exchangers with forced convection for heating non-domestic rooms. nominal heat input not exceeding 300 kW (EN 525)
Independent gas-fired convection heaters (EN 613)
Non-domestic gas-fired forced convection air heaters for space heating not exceeding a net heat input of 300 kW, without a fan to assist transportation of combustion air (EN 621)
Multi-burner gas-fired overhead radiant tube heater

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Flueless signifies an appliance designed for use without connection to a flue for venting the products of combustion to the exterior

systems for non-domestic use (EN 777)
Gas-fired air heaters with forced convection for heating non-domestic rooms. nominal heat input not exceeding 70 kW; without a fan to assist transportation of combustion- air and / or exhaust (EN 778)
Non-domestic gas-fired forced convection air heaters for space heating not exceeding a net heat input of 300 kW, incorporating a fan to assist transportation of combustion air and/or combustion products (EN 1020)
Gas-fired air heaters for domestic and non-domestic use - Additional requirements for condensing air heaters (EN 1196)
Domestic gas-fired forced convection air heaters for space heating, with fan-assisted burners not exceeding a net heat input of 70 kW (EN 1319)
Specification for dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances - Mobile and portable non-domestic forced convection direct fired air heaters (EN 1596)
Independent gas-fired convection heaters incorporating a fan to assist transportation of combustion air and/or flue gases (EN 12669)
Oil-fired air heaters. Fixed and transportable for room heating (EN 13842)
Independent gas-fired flueless space heaters for nominal

heat input not exceeding 6 kW (EN 14829)	
Energy performance of buildings – Methods for expressing energy performance and for the energy certification of buildings (EN 15217)	
Household and similar electrical appliances - safety - rated voltage: 250V for single-phase appliances, up to 480V for others, not intended for appliances for domestic use as usual (EN/IEC 60335)	
Household electric thermal storage room heaters - methods for measuring performance (EN 60531)	
Household electrical direct-acting room heaters – methods for measuring performance (EN/IEC 60675-1)	
Household and similar electrical appliances - test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise: particular requirements for electric thermal storage room heaters (EN/IEC 60704-1)	
Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise emitted by household and similar electrical appliances. Particular requirements for storage heaters (IEC 60704-2-2)	
Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise emitted by household and similar electrical appliances part 2: particular requirements for room heaters of the storage type (IEC 60704-2-5)	

		Indicated above are items that may have to be covered and related current standards that might have to be (partially) taken into account, amended or replaced (indicated in parentheses). Extra standardisation needs may arise from the outcome of the on-going study and consequent discussions in the legislative ecodesign process.	
		Available standards include EN15316-4-8 from CEN/TC 228for radiation heating systems.	
		<b>Technical Committee(s):</b> CEN/TC 62 (independent gas-fired space heaters), CEN/TC 180 (non-domestic gas-fired overhead radiant heaters), CLC TC59X as regards electric room heating appliances and EN60531, EN/IEC 60675-1 and EN/IEC/60704-1: other aspects: to be decided	
		<b>Consultant</b> : BIO Intelligence Service, France <b>Main stakeholder(s):</b> ELVHIS, CECED, CEFACD	
Central heating products using hot air to distribute heat (other than CHP)	Preparatory study ongoing	<b>Standardisation needs:</b> Preliminary scope of preparatory study: possibly measurement and calculation of power consumption and environmental performance standards for:	2014

	Direct-gas-fired furnaces, indirect-gas-fired furnaces, liquid fuel-fired furnaces, multi fuel fired furnaces, electric furnaces, air handling units with heating function, heat pumps (above 12 kW cooling capacity) including air- to-air heat pumps, water-to-air heat pumps, ground-to-air heat pumps, and related system components, including controls, as well as emissions and noise, such as:	
	Automatic burner with blower for liquid fuels standard specifies requirements for testing, terminology, construction and operation (EN 267)	
	Non-domestic gas-fired overhead luminous radiant heaters: Rational use of energy (EN 419)	
	Gas-fired air heaters without heat exchangers with forced convection for heating non-domestic rooms. nominal heat input not exceeding 300 kW (EN 525)	
	Independent gas-fired convection heaters (EN 613)	
	Non-domestic gas-fired forced convection air heaters for space heating not exceeding a net heat input of 300 kW, without a fan to assist transportation of combustion air and/or combustion products (EN 621)	
	Gas-fired air heaters with forced convection for heating non-domestic rooms. nominal heat input not exceeding 70 kW; without a fan to assist transportation of combustion-	

air and / or exhaust (EN 778)
Non-domestic gas-fired forced convection air heaters for space heating not exceeding a net heat input of 300 kW, incorporating a fan to assist transportation of combustion air and/or combustion products (EN 1020)
Gas-fired air heaters for domestic and non-domestic use - Additional requirements for condensing air heaters (EN 1196)
Domestic gas-fired forced convection air heaters for space heating, with fan-assisted burners not exceeding a net heat input of 70 kW (EN 1319)
Specification for dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances - Mobile and portable non-domestic forced convection direct fired air heaters (EN 1596)
Ventilation for buildings - Air Handling Units - Mechanical performance (EN 1886)
Air conditioners, liquid chilling packages, heat pumps and dehumidifiers with electrically driven compressors for space heating and cooling - Measurement of airborne noise - Determination of the sound power level (EN 12102)
Gas-fired absorption and adsorption air-conditioning and/or heat pump appliances with a net heat input not exceeding 70 kW (EN 12309)
Ventilation for buildings - Air Handling Units - Ratings and performance for units, components and sections EN

13053)	
Thermal performance of buildings - Calculation of energy use for space heating and cooling (EN ISO 13790)	
Oil-fired air heaters. Fixed and transportable for room heating (EN 13842)	
Air conditioners, liquid chilling packages and heat pumps with electrically driven compressors for space heating and cooling (EN 14511 replacing EN 255)	
Heating systems in buildings – Method of calculation of system energy requirements and system efficiencies (EN 15316)	
Energy performance of buildings – Overall energy use and definition of energy ratings (EN 15603)	
Household and similar electrical appliances - safety - rated voltage: 250V for single-phase appliances, up to 480V for others, not intended for appliances for domestic use as usual (EN/IEC 60335)	
Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise emitted by household and similar electrical appliances. Part 2: particular requirements for forced draught convection heaters (EN/IEC 60704-2-2)	
Indicated above are items that may have to be covered and related	
current standards that might have to be (partially) taken into	

		account, amended or replaced (indicated in parentheses). Extra standardisation needs may arise from the outcome of the on-going study and consequent discussions in the legislative ecodesign process. <b>Technical Committee(s)</b> : ): <u>CEN/TC 153 WG 1</u> <b>Consultant</b> : BIO Intelligence Service, France <b>Main stakeholder(s):</b> Eurovent, EPEE, Euro-Air	
Domestic and commercial ovens (electric, gas, microwave)	Preparatory study ending in March 2011	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li><u>Domestic Electric Ovens</u>: Common modifications to IEC 60350-1 Ed. 1.0 to measure the "cooling down period" to be prepared for the calculation of a yearly energy consumption.</li> <li><u>Domestic Microwave ovens</u>: Common modifications to IEC 60705 Ed 4.0 to measure the energy consumption per cooking cycle and cooling down period. First agreement on procedure within TC 59 X (TC59X/535/DC)</li> <li><u>Domestic Combination microwave ovens</u>: Find a solution how to proceed with combination ovens (primary and secondary function. (Adaption of IEC 60350-1 Ed. 1.0 and IEC 60705 Ed. 4.0.)</li> <li>Identify oven relevant requirements additional to EN 62301 Ed. 2.0 to measure low power modes</li> <li><u>Electric ovens for commercial use</u>: no activity</li> </ul>	2012

		<ul> <li>flames, EN 484 for gas stoves, EN 203-2-3 for gas ovens</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CEN/TC 180 (non-domestic gas-fired overhead radiant heaters), CEN/TC 181 (dedicated liquefied petroleum gas appliances), CLC TC59X, CEN TC 49, CEN /TC 106 (large kitchen appliances using gaseous fuels)</li> <li>Consultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France and Cobham (ERA Technology Ltd), the United Kingdom</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): CECED, AEGPL, MARCOGAZ, EFCEM</li> </ul>	No activity
Domestic and commercial hobs and grills	Preparatory study ending in March 2011	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li><u>Grills and roasters:</u> Creation of new EN standards to deal with energy performance.</li> <li><u>Domestic Electric hobs:</u> Common modifications to IEC 60350-2 Ed. 1.0 to measure the energy consumption of a hob applicable for different technologies (induction, radiant, solid plates). First agreement within CLC TC 59 X on procedure for one cooking zone. (TC59X/534/DC)</li> <li><u>Domestic Gas hobs:</u> Modification to EN 30-2-1 to include measurement of energy needed to maintain a given temperature, in addition to heating up time that is already covered.</li> <li>Identify hob relevant requirements additional to EN 62301 Ed. 2.0 to measure <u>low power modes</u></li> <li><u>Electric hobs for commercial use</u>: no activity</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC59X, CEN TC 49 (for domestic gas cooking appliances), CEN TC 106 (for Commercial Cooking Appliances), CEN/TC 181 (dedicated liquefied petroleum gas</li> </ul>	work not started yet 2012 2012

		appliances) Consultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France and Cobham (ERA Technology Ltd), the United Kingdom Main stakeholder(s): CECED, EFCEM	no activity
Non-tertiary coffee machines	Preparatory study ending in April 2011	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs:</li> <li>ESO are expected to develop Harmonised Standards containing methods for measuring the performance of electric household coffee makers. EN 60661 European standard was issued 2001 and IEC 60661 International standard in 2006</li> <li><u>Test method for pressure machines</u>: almost finished</li> <li><u>Test method for drip filter machines</u>: discussion is ongoing. The Ecodesign preparatory study by BIO Intelligence Service recently provided further information to feed into the work of the TC. Round robin test to be performed and planned to be presented mid-April 2011.</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): CLC TC59X</li> <li>Consultant: BIO Intelligence Service, France and Cobham (ERA)</li> </ul>	End of 2012

			Technology Ltd), the United Kingdome Main stakeholder(s): CECED	
Networked standby losses	Preparatory study ending February 2011	in	<ul> <li>Standardisation needs: ESO are expected to develop Harmonised Standards including:</li> <li>Horizontal standard for measurement of power consumption of low power consumption operating conditions of household and office equipment involving data exchange of products in communication networks under several communication standards</li> <li>Definition of operating conditions for measurements of energy consumption of variable power consumption characteristic for relevant network communication standards, such as Wi-Fi</li> <li>Revised EN 62301 expected to contain relevant elements, e.g. as related to measurement instruments</li> <li>Technical Committee(s): To be decided</li> <li>Consultant: Fraunhofer Institute for Reliability and Microintegration, IZM, Berlin</li> <li>Main stakeholder(s): Digitaleurope, CECED, Orgalime</li> </ul>	1st quarter 2012

# ANNEX B

## **Technical updates for product groups**

## **<u>1. Product group:</u>**

# Technical Update

Details of request to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI for Standardisation in the field of

- 1. BACKGROUND
- 1.1 Legal Basis
- **1.2** The aim of the request
- 2. **DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK**
- **3. EXECUTION OF THE WORK**
- 4. **BODIES TO BE ASSOCIATED**

Alexandre

#### Alexandre della FAILLE de LEVERGHEM, Mr Programme Manager - Sustainability & Services - Standar

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# **Stéphane ROSSATO**

De: Envoyé: À: Cc:	dellaFailledeLeverghem Alexandre <adellafaille@cencenelec.eu> mardi 14 février 2012 09:16 Visintin Paola; Solbes Frederic; Gargantini Fabio; Wrede Lutz; Leggett Mike; Peacock Danny; Zomers Edward; Postigo Rafael; Schambach Baerbel; Pintaske Sabine; Widmer Rolf; Fumagalli R; Wohnsland Frank Dr.; Moghtader Soheil; Beneke Franz; 'AMARAGGI Jacques'; Drosou Vassiliki; de Winkel Klaas; Koplewicz Danielle; IMGRUND Gerhard; Stenger J; 'tecni@acimall.com'; 'c.celata@assocomaplast.org'; 'Zweifel Gerhard HSLU T&amp;A'; Schornick; 'Gerard van Amerongen'; 'Jaap Hogeling'; SATTLER Bernhard; LHENRY Michel; BAGGINI Angelo; BOSSI Antonio; BRIANT Joseph; SIANI Alberto; PATRA Martial; WEIS Benno; MASINI Cristiano; DE KESEL Wim; BRADFIELD Nick; GLENNY Ted; RILLER Peter; ROUX Alain; Gerhard Fuchs; MOLINA DE RAMON David; Linders Peter; SUTTER Ernst; HENDERSON Roy; WAMS Bart; LUGINSLAND Dieter; Legnani Andrea; Mrotzek Herbert; VALENTA Richard; GAUGER Eberhard; Leisse Volker; 'Wilhelmus.DE-WILT@ec.europa.eu'; SANTOS GIL César; Viljanen Aarre; 'Robert.NUIJ@ec.europa.eu'; 'Davide.MINOTTI@ec.europa.eu'; bart@bartpoelconsultancy.nl; Ascensao Goncalo; Dacosta Amilcar; Missiroli Cinzia; Olabarria Maitane; Vigneron Catherine; Erdmann Jens; Soetaert Ingrid; Krzystek Karolina; Vetsuypens Jean-Paul; Gindroz Bernard; MOUTET Catherine; Brett Robert; Delloye Benedicte; Sivitos Stamatis; Toulouse Edouard; Beunen Christine; chris.hamans@gmail.com; Stéphane ROSSATO; Dupin F; Steiger Gerhard; Moore John; 'Emilien Gasc'; Laura Degallaix; Viviana Buscemi; 'sofia.palmberg@sis.se'; Nielsen René; Steinmüller Salerio Gianluca; Lundh Lars Gunnar; TEIGELER Michael</adellafaille@cencenelec.eu>
Objet:	Awareness meeting on M/495 - Minutes
Pièces jointes:	Minutes_M495 awareness meeting.pdf; Presentations.zip
Importance:	Haute

### Addressed to:

- the participants of the awareness meeting on Mandate 495 held in Brussels on 2012-02-10;
- those not being able to attend (CEN/TC Secretaries CLC/TC Secretaries and Chairpersons Other CEN and CENELEC stakeholders).

### Dear all,

The meeting on the horizontal Ecodesign Mandate 495 organised in the CEN-CENELEC Meeting Centre on 2012-02-10 was a great success thanks to the participation and contribution of a large audience.

In the attachment you will find:

- the minutes of the meeting recording the presentations given and the decisions made. M/495 is included in an annex;
- a zip file containing all presentations given during the meeting.

As mentioned in item 5 of the minutes, Technical Committees are now requested to examine Annex A of the mandate and to spot any inconsistency or mistake relating to the work mandated or the TCs associated to each product group. TCs are kindly requested to send me their comments by 15 March 2012. CCMC will then clean Annex A accordingly and produce a coherent Annex A.

I will come back to you later to organise the next enlarged Ecodesign meeting in May as well as to give you more information on the work programme expected by the EC.

With best regards,